

# Big Data innovations for disaster resilience



## WebEx Seminar

27 March 2019



## **Big Data in DRR**

#### Increasing use of Satellite imagery, crowdsourcing, and social media



Source: Manzhu Yu et al reviewed articles by major data sources (2012-2018)



## **#1 Case study:** Super typhoon Typhoon Mangkhut Source: WANG Jianjie Director-General of NMC/CMA ESCAP/WMO Typhoon Committee, 51<sup>st</sup> session 26 Feb. – 1 Mar. 2019 Guangzhou, China



#### Gridded, Smart and Impact Based and Risk Informed Early Warning



Source: CMA (2017)

#### **Dual Engines for Meteorological Services:**

Numerical Weather Prediction model + AI (Big Data Application)







SAOMEI made landfall over Zhejiang Province on 10 August 2006, with maximum winds up to 60m/s and minimum pressure 920 hPa.



MANGKHUT made landfall over Guangdong Province on 16 September 2018, with maximum winds 45m/s and minimum pressure 955 hPa.



SAOMEI killed **483 people**, 1.8 million people were evacuated, the total direct economic loss is around **19.65 billion** RMB.



Only **6** people were dead due to MANGKHUT, 1.5 million people were evacuated, the total direct economic loss is around **14.23 billion** RMB.

#### Source: WANG Jianjie, CMA 2019

## **Improvements on Observations - Satellites**

2006		2018	
	2006	2018	
Satellites on-orbit Geostationary Polar Orbit	3 FY1D FY2C\D	<mark>8</mark> FY4A\2E\2F\2G\2H FY3A\3B\3C\3D	
Time Resolution	30 min (FY-2)	<mark>5 min (FY-4A)</mark>	
Horizontal Resolution	1.25km (FY-2)	500 m (FY-4A)	
Channel Num.	5 Channel (FY-2) 3 Channel (FY-1A/B)	14 Channel (FY-4) 10 Channel (FY-3A/B)	
Instrument Payloads	2(FY-1A/B) 1(FY-2A/B/C/D/E)	10 (FY-3D) 3 (FY_4A) ): AGRI, GIIRS, LMI	
(SAOMAI)			

Source: WANG Jianjie, CMA 2019

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#### China: Typhoon Induced Casualties and Economic Losses in past 30 years



Due to the improvement of typhoon forecasts and warnings, and more effective emergency responses for typhoon events, **the casualties and the ratio of typhooninduced losses to GDP reduce remarkably** 

Source: WANG Jianjie, CMA 2019



## #2 Case study:

## IoT standalone sensors are augmented by Zizmos smartphone apps (Zizmos eQuake)

Source: Robert Armitano, Entrepreneur (2017)

### IoT enables efficient earthquake early warning in Japan



Sites of seismic intensity meters

Startups like Zizmos (Stanford University), using IoT by interconnecting multiple seismic sensors in high-risk areas, detects motion close to the earthquake epicenter and transmits a warning alert to users further away from the epicenter. It uses smartphone apps with cloud messaging services provided by Apple and Google



## Emerging trends:

#### Big Data and its interface with Machine Learning





Global Google Public Alerts program (Big Data and Machine Learning)

## AI-assisted flood predictions



AI and significant computational power to create better forecasting models through Google Public Alerts. A variety of elements—from historical events, to river level readings, to the terrain and elevation of a specific area—feed into these models.

It generates maps and run up to hundreds of thousands of simulations in each location to accurately predict not only when and where a flood might occur, but the severity of the event as well.



## **Three Key challenges**

#### **Big Data Collection**

Challenges of dealing with large variety of heterogeneous data from different data sources- from sensors to crowdsourcing, including time series, semi-structured and invalidated data, and textural data; also noise and misinformation.

#### **Big Data Analytics**

Analytics yet to integrate reliably and accurately Crowdsourced data, from the disaster affected people, into the physical sensing data (e.g., satellite, UAV) and authoritative data (e.g., terrain data, census data).

#### Cyberinfrastructures

It's important for effectively integrate huge data from multiple sources for real-time decision making in the context of the emerging data volume of streaming videos, fast data transfer, and intuitive data visualization.



## Thank you for kind attention

Sanjay K Srivastava Chief, Disaster Risk Reduction ICT and Disaster Risk Reduction Division (IDD) United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific Office: +6622882633 | srivastavas@un.org www.unescap.org